Last revised: Wed, 15 Jan 2025 16:31:04 GMT

16CrMnNiMo9-5-2* All



General Information

Ovako 277 is an air hardenable steel that is suitable for case hardening, nitriding or quench and tempering. By using air-hardening or gas quenching it is possible to reduce the amount of quenching distortion. Additionally the use of quenching medias such as oil and salt can be avoided, which improves both safety and environment. It is produced in two quality classes.

Ovako 277 steels has very good welding properties. The steels high hardenability and good toughness properties provide a heat-affected zone that meets the high stated demands for the bulk material. Ovako 277Q will be classified as a Group 3 steel according to the standard Welding - Guidelines for a metallic materials grouping system (ISO/TR 15608:2005). Depending on heat treatment execution (yield strength) Ovako 277Q may be classified into subgroup 3.1 or 3.2. Maximum hardness that may be obtained in the HAZ of Ovako 277Q will be 450 HV10kg.

277L - Variant with regulated sulphur content for optimized machinability.

277Q - IQ Isotropic Quality for improved properties transverse to the rolling direction and better fatigue strength due to higher cleanliness level with a finer size distribution of non-metallic inclusions. The steel grade is made according to new process that modifies the the inclusion morphology, i.e. a lower number of elongated sulfides and reduced size distribution of oxides, both in avarage and in the spread. By using air hardenig or gas quenching it is feasible to reduce the amount of queching distorsion.

* Designation followed by "*" is not an official EN standard grade but named according to the rules in EN 10027.

IQ-Steel®

IQ-Steel® is an isotropic quality ultra clean steel optimized for high fatigue strength under multi axial loading.

Similar designations

16CrMoV8-5, 16CrMoV8-5*

Chemical composition

Variant	Cast	Weldability		С %	Si %	Mn %	Р%	s %	Cr %	Ni %	Мо %	V %
277L	IC	CEV 1.08 _{max}	Min	0.14	0.05	1.20	-	0.015	2.10	0.45	0.45	0.150
2//L		Pcm 0.45 _{max}	Max	0.17	0.15	1.40	0.020	0.023	2.30	0.55	0.55	0.250
277Q	IC	CEV 1.08 _{max}	Min	0.14	0.15	1.20	-	-	2.10	0.45	0.45	0.150
		Pcm 0.45 _{max}	Max	0.17	0.30	1.40	0.020	0.002	2.30	0.55	0.55	0.250

Mechanical Properties

Variant	6 Condition	Format	Dimension [mm]	Yield strength min [MPa]	Tensile strength [MPa]	Elongation A ₅ [%]	Reduction of area Z _{min} [%]	Hardness	Impact (ISO-V) strength _{min}
	+AR	All formats	-	860*	1200 typical	10	60	350 HB typical	-
		All formats	-	600*	< 800	15	75	220 HB typical	-20 °C 70 J (long)
2771	+QT	All formats	-	650*	< 800	15	75	240 HB typical	-20 °C 70 J (long)
277L		All formats	-	700*	< 800	15	75	260 HB typical	-20 °C 27 J (long)
	+Q	All formats	-	-	-	-	-	430 HB typical	-
	+SA	All formats	-	-	-	-	-	170 HB typical	-
		All formats	-	600*	< 800	15	75	220 HB typical	-20 °C 70 J (long) -20 °C 40 J (transv)
		Tube,wall	< 25	650*	> 720	15	75	240 HB typical	-20 °C 70 J (long) -20 °C 40 J (transv)
		All formats	-	700*	< 800	15	75	260 HB typical	-20 °C 27 J (long) -20 °C 27 J (transv)
		Round bar	24 < 75	650	720-800	15	-	240 HB typical	-40 °C 27 J (long)
277Q	+QT	Tube,wall	< 25	700	> 750	15	-	260 HB typical	-40 °C 27 J (long) -40 °C 27 J (transv)
		Round bar	24 < 75	700	750-800	15	-	260 HB typical	-40 °C 27 J (long) -40 °C 27 J (transv)
		Tube,wall	26 < 40	600	> 660	15	-	220 HB typical	-40 °C 70 J (long) -40 °C 40 J (transv)
		Round bar	24 < 160	600	660-800	15	-	220 HB typical	-40 °C 70 J (long) -40 °C 40 J (transv)

Rp_{0.2} * R_{eh}, ** R_{el}

Condition "Q" is water quenched.

Transformation temperatures

	Temperature °C
MS	399
AC1	741
AC3	852

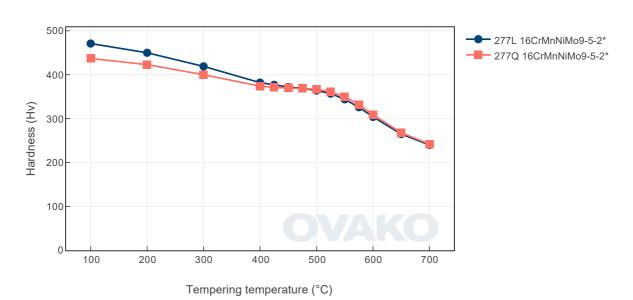
Heat treatment recommendations

Treatment Condition		Temperature cycle	Cooling/quenching		
Hot forging	+AR	850-1200°C	Air cool		
Quenching +Q 860-1000°C		860-1000°C	In air/gas, oil or water		
Soft annealing	+SA	Slow cooling from 750°C to 690°C (8h)	In air		
Carburizing	+C	850-930°C See Carbon potential in diagram			
Nitriding	+Nt	450-550°C Surface and core hardness, see diagram			
Tempering	+T	160-700°C See tempering diagram	In air		

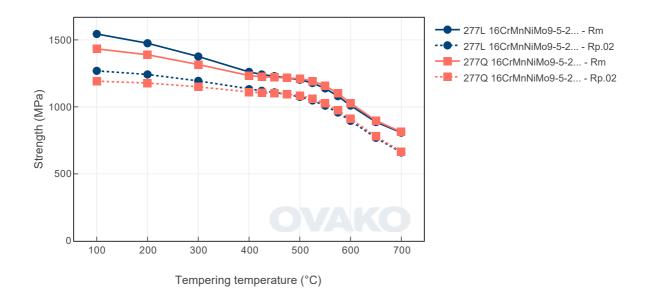
Heat Treatment Guide generated Graphs

The following graphs are generated from a theoretical model. For further info see the Heat treatment guide module. Select a specific grade version for individual display.

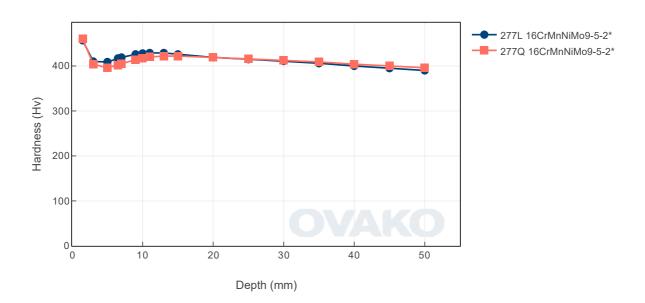
Tempering Diagram (hardness)



Tempering Diagram (strength)

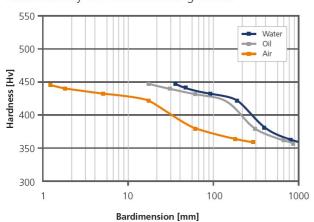


Jominy

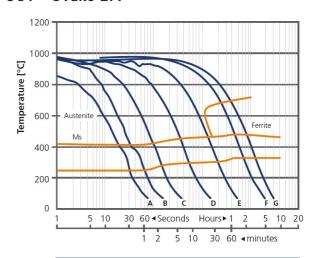


OVAKO 277

Hardenability for various cooling media



CCT - Ovako 277



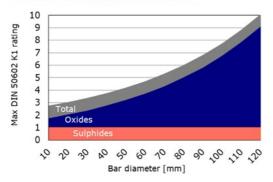
	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
t ₈₋₅ [s]	10	15	50	200	800	3000
Hv ₃₀	446	440	432	422	383	366

Steel cleanliness 277

Micro inclusions - 277L										Macro inclusions - 277L		
Applied standard	ASTM E	ASTM E45								Applied standard	ISO 3763 (Blue fracture)	
Sampling	ASTM A	ASTM A295								Sampling	Statistical testing on billets.	
Maximum	А	A B C D										
average limits	Th	Не	Th	Не	Th	Не	Th	Не		Limits	< 5 mm/dm ²	
	2,0	1,5	1,0	0,5	0	0	0,5	0,5				

Micro incl	usions - 277Q		Macro inclusions - 277Q				
Applied standard	1 DIN 50602 K1				10 M Hz UST (Ovako internal procedure)		
Sampling	Six random samples from final product dimension		Sampling Statistical testing on billets				
Limits	The limit is dimension dependent. The average rating of six samples should not exceed the limits given in the graph		Limits	< 1 mm/dm ²	< 10 defects/dm ³ > 0,2 mm FBH		

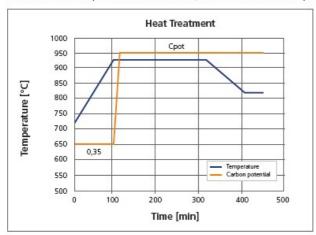
Inclusion limits IQ-processed steel

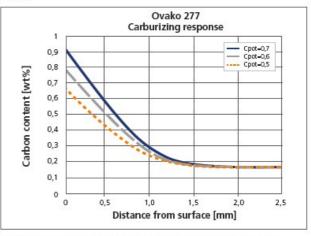


Carburizing

Case carburizing response

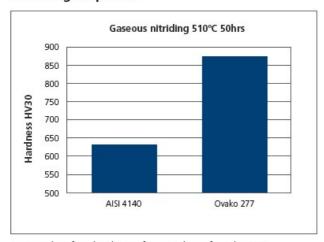
Maximum carbon potential should bet 0,7wtC to avoid carbide precipitation



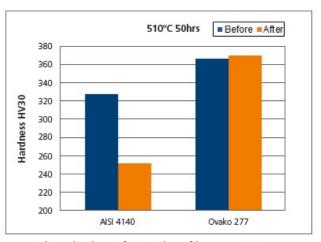


Carburization response for Ovako 277 for the cycles shown in the left figure.

Nitriding response

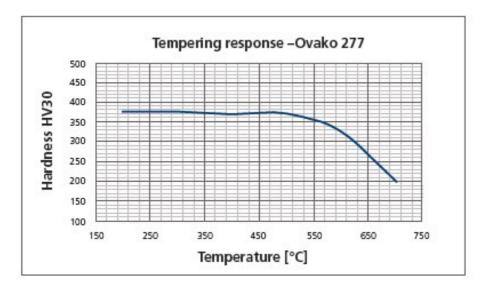


Expected surface hardness after nitriding of Ovako 277 compared with AISI 4140.



Expected core hardness after nitriding of low temperature tempered Ovako 277 compared with AISI 4140.

Tempering



Tempering response after austenitization and air-hardening. Tempering time 1h.

Welding properties

Ovako 277 steels have very good welding properties. The steels high hardenability and good toughness properties provide a heat-affected zone that meets the high stated demands for the bulk material. Ovako 277Q will be classified as a Group 3 steel according to the standard Welding - Guidelines for a metallic materials grouping system (ISO/TR 15608:2005). Depending on heat treatment execution (yield strength) Ovako 277Q may be classified into subgroup 3.1 or 3.2. Maximum hardness that may be obtained in the HAZ of Ovako 277Q will be $450~\text{HV}_{10\text{kg}}$.

- For the best results welding should be continuous, and slowly cooled in ambient air conditions.
- Preheat before welding. If the welding is performed in a damp environment or if the temperature is below 5°C the preheating temperature should be increased by 25°C.
- Consumables should be selected on the basis of strength and toughness requirements of the weld joint. A
 consumable with low strength, that still fulfils the strength requirements, minimizes the residual stresses
 over the weld. The consumable should also be selected with a as similar as possible chemical composition
 as the base material.
- Hydrogen content should not exceed 5ml/100g weld metal.
- Post heat treatment is a good alternative to preheating. It should be performed at 200°C, directly after welding, holding for 5min/mm material thickness, for at least one hour.
- If stress relieve annealing is necessary it should be performed between 500°C and 680°C with 1h holding time.

Recommended pre-heating temperatures for welding with ferritic consumables

	Combined wall thickness [mm]									
10	10 20 30 40 50 60 70									
100°C	125°C	150	°C	175°C						

The recommended preheating temperatures are based upon a heat input around 1.7KJ/mm and that the hydrogen content does not exceed 5ml/100g weld metal.

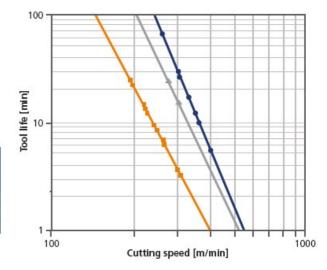
Machining

Ovako 277 has good machining properties. ISO 3685 test show tool life for various cutting speeds in Q&T 277Q. Because of the very high cleanliness the variant 277Q may have a reduced chip breaking propensity. The controlled sulphur content of Ovako 277L will enhance chip breaking.

Tool wear test

Test material:	Ovako 277Q Q&T
Test procedure:	ISO 3685
Insert:	SNMA 120408 P15
Tool holder:	CSRNL
Feed rate:	0.4 mm/r
Cutting depth:	2.5 mm
Wear criteria:	vB _{bmean} 0.3mm

Cutting speed									
	V ₅	V ₁₀	V ₁₅	V ₃₀	V ₆₀	α			
221Hv	405	357	332	293	259	0,18			
230Hv	374	325	300	261	227	0,20			
280Hv	264	242	221	189	162	0,23			



SUSTAINABILITY-ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

At Ovako sustainability and reduction of our environmental impact is a major focus in everything we do.

Further information is found here.

Steel works	Hofors	Smedjebacken	Imatra
CO2e/kg	120	62	76

To get the full picture of our products environmental impact we have to look at all of our CO₂ emission sources.

Not only the steel work Scope 1-2 itself, but all operations downstream in our production, heating and heat treatment furnaces etc (full scope 1-2) as well as all the emission from input material, eg. alloys, scope 3.

Steel Grade	Format	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Climate compensated Net emission = Scope 3 (CO2e kg /1000 kg steel) Scope 1 - 2 = 0 (compensated)	
277	Round bar	+T	735	333	
277	Tube,wall	+T	765	368	

All above data are to be seen as typical values for the specified format and condition. Detailed information about your specific product please contact your sales contact.

Other properties (typical values)

Youngs module (GPa)	Poisson's ratio (-)	Shear module (GPa)	Density (kg/m3)
210	0.3	80	7800
Average CTE 20- 300°C (µm/m°K)	Specific heat capacity 50/100°C (J/kg °K)	Thermal conductivity Ambient temperature (W/m°K)	Electrical resistivityAmbient temperature (μΩm)
12	460 - 480	40 - 45	0.20 - 0.25

Contact us

Would you like to know more about our offers? Don't hesitate to contact us:

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For more detailed information please visit http://www.ovako.com/en/Contact-Ovako/

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