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100Сг6



General Information

100Cr6 is a through hardening bearing steels intended for rolling contact and other high fatigue applications. In the hardened condition the high hardness, high strength and high cleanliness provides the steel with the right properties to withstand high cycle, high stress fatigue. 100Cr6 is mainly used for small and medium sized bearing components. It is also regularly used for other machine components that require high tensile strength and high hardness. The hardenability approximately corresponds to a ring with max. 17 mm wall thickness.

This steel is delivered in a number of variants. The most common are listed below.

- 803Q Isotropic properties and better fatigue strength due to higher cleanliness levels, and a finer size and distribution of non-metallic inclusions (IQ)
- 803Z Improved cold forming properties due to the reduced silicon content (BQ)
- 803D Improved machinability due to the higher sulphur content.
- 803P With a reduced sulphur content to reduce the number of sulphide inclusions (BQ)
- 803A With a reduced controlled sulphur content to reduce the number of sulphide inclusions but ensure consistent machinability (BQ)
- 803F With a controlled sulphur content for consistent machining properties (BQ)
- 803N Slightly increased carbon range to meet the requirements of some international standards (BQ)
- 803J Standard (BQ)

5620 / 802F - A continuous cast variant of 100Cr6 (BQ)

BQ-Steel®

BQ-Steel® is a bearing quality clean steel optimized for fatigue strength and is also ideal for new design solutions outside the bearing industry.

Similar designations

SS 2258, SAE 52100, 1.3505, 100 Cr 6, SUJ2S, SUJ2Z, 100C6, GCr15, B00150

Chemical composition

Variant	Cast		C %	Si %	Mn %	P %	S %	Cr %	Ni %	Mo %
5620 / 802F	CC –	Min	0.93	0.15	0.25	-	0.003	1.35	-	-
		Max	0.98	0.35	0.45	0.025	0.008	1.60	0.25	0.10

ISO 683-17 display the chemical composition according to the standard.

Mechanical Properties

Variant	3 Condition	Format	Dimension [mm]	Yield strength min [MPa]	Tensile strength [MPa]	Elongation A ₅	Hardness
	+AR	Round bar	40 < 160	-	-	-	340-400 HB
	+AC	Round bar	25 < 150	-	-	-	< 220 HB
5620 /	+SA	All formats	24 < 190	410	700 typical	27	210 HB typical
802F	+C	All formats	24 < 190	740	930 typical	13	290 HB typical
	+Q/T(m)	All formats	-	1700	2300 typical	2	61 HRC typical
	+Q/T(b)	All formats	-	2000	2200 typical	7	59 HRC typical

 $Rp_{0.2} * R_{eh}$, ** R_{el}

Transformation temperatures

	Temperature °C
MS	218
AC1	745
AC3	910

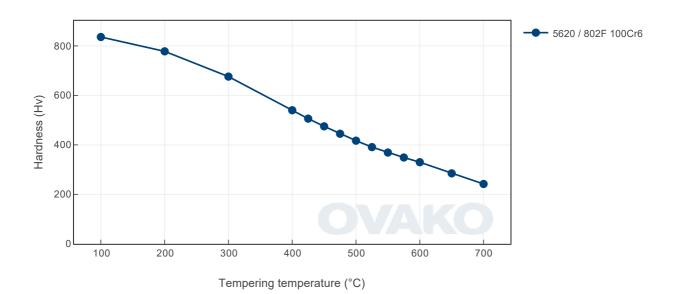
Heat treatment recommendations

Treatment	Condition	Temperature cycle	Cooling/quenching
Hot forging	+AR	800-1100°C	Air cool.
Spheroidize annealing	+SA	RT-820°C 1h 820°C 2h 820-740°C 1h 740- 690°C 10h	In air
Stress relieve annealing	+SRA	550-650°C 1h	In air
Q/T (martensite)	+Q/T(m)	830-870°C 10-60 min	Oil quench (+tempering within 2h at minimum 160°C. See diagram)
Q/T (bainite)	+Q/T(b)	850-875°C 10-60 min.	Salt bath 220-250°C 3-7h. See diagram
Tempering	+T	160-500°C. See diagram	In air

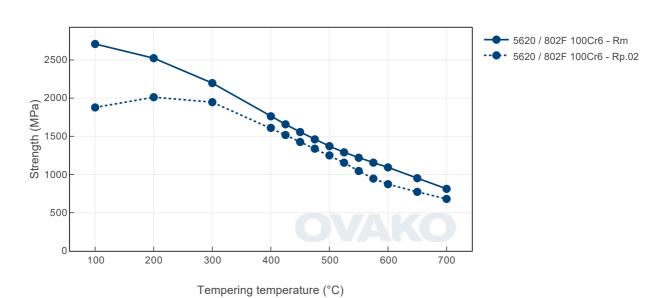
Heat Treatment Guide generated Graphs

The following graphs are generated from a theoretical model. For further info see the Heat treatment guide module. Select a specific grade version for individual display.

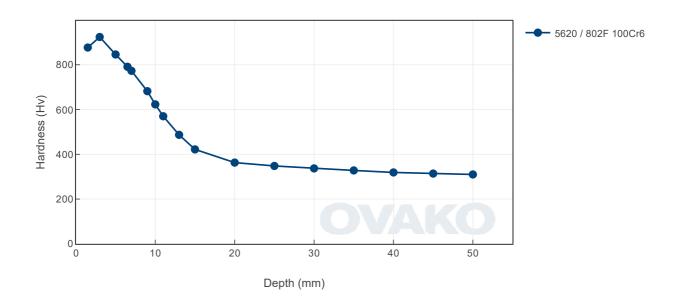
Tempering Diagram (hardness)



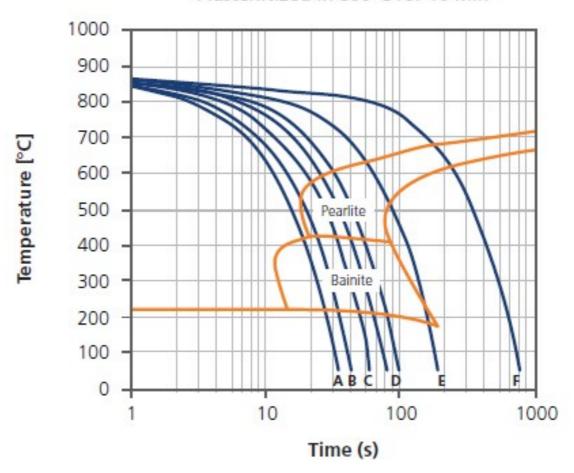
Tempering Diagram (strength)



Jominy



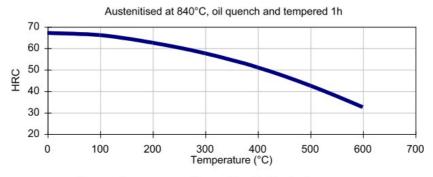
Austenitized in 860°C for 10 min



CCT data

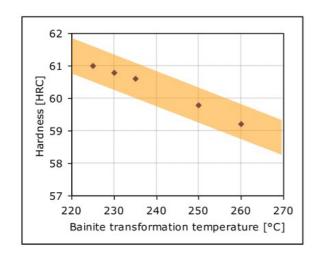
	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
t ₈₋₅ [s]	13	17	23	30	75	300
Hv ₃₀	854	844	751	640	366	308

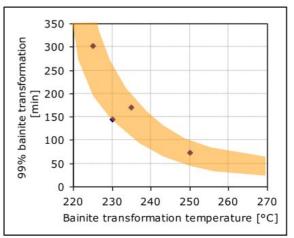
Tempering response



Tempering response after martensitic hardening

Bainite transformation





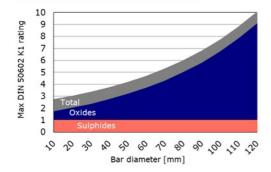
Steel cleanliness

Micro inclusions - IC								
Applied standard	ASTM E45							
Sampling	ASTN	/I A29	5					
Maximum average	А		В		С		D	
limits	Th	Не	Th	Не	Th	Не	Th	Не
IIIIICS	2,0	1,5	0,8	0,1	0	0	0,5	0,3

Macro inclusions - IC					
	ISO 3763				
Applied standard	(Blue fracture)				
Sampling	Statistical testing on billets				
Limits	< 2,5 mm/dm ²				

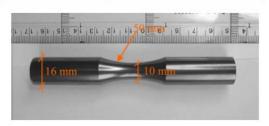
IQ

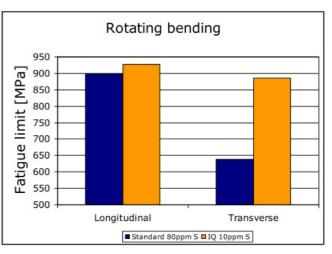
Inclusion limits IQ-processed steel



Fatigue properties

Test method:	Rotating beam		
Test procedure:	Stair-case 25 MPa steps		
Specimen:	Hourglass shape Ø 10 mm		
Heat treatment:	Martensitically hardened		
Grades:	803J—Standard 803Q—IQ		
Hardness:	62 HRC		





SUSTAINABILITY-ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

At Ovako sustainability and reduction of our environmental impact is a major focus in everything we do.

Further information is found here.

Steel works	Hofors	Smedjebacken	Imatra
CO2e/kg	120	60	76

To get the full picture of our products environmental impact we have to look at all of our CO_2 emission sources.

Not only the steel work Scope 1-2 itself, but all operations downstream in our production, heating and heat treatment furnaces etc (full scope 1-2) as well as all the emission from input material, eg. alloys, scope 3.

Steel Grade	Format	_	Scope 1-3 (CO2e kg /1000 kg steel)	Climate compensated Net emission = Scope 3 (CO2e kg /1000 kg steel) Scope 1 - 2 = 0 (compensated)
803	Round bar	+SA	608	207
803	Tube,wall	+SA	629	231
5620 / 802F	Tube,wall	+SA	605	255
5620 / 802F	Round bar	+SA	551	248

All above data are to be seen as typical values for the specified format and condition. Detailed information about your specific product please contact your sales contact.

Other properties (typical values)

Youngs module (GPa)	Poisson's ratio (-)	Shear module (GPa)	Density (kg/m3)
210	0.3	80	7800
Average CTE 20- 300°C (µm/m°K)	Specific heat capacity 50/100°C (J/kg °K)	Thermal conductivity Ambient temperature (W/m°K)	Electrical resistivityAmbient temperature (μΩm)
12	460 - 480	40 - 45	0.20 - 0.25

Contact us

Would you like to know more about our offers? Don't hesitate to contact us:

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For more detailed information please visit http://www.ovako.com/en/Contact-Ovako/

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